January 18, 2017

RE: Calling on the USAID, DFID, DANIDA, The Netherlands, and the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation to stop financing the World Bank-managed Enabling the Business of Agriculture (EBA) project.

Dear Mr. Gates, Ms. Smith, Mr. Jensen, Ms. Patel and Ms. Ploumen,

We are writing today to urge you to stop financing the Enabling the Business of Agriculture (EBA) project, which jeopardizes farmers' right to seeds, food security, and the future of our planet.

In 2012, the World Bank was tasked by the G8 to create a "Doing Business in Agriculture Index." With your support, the Bank launched the EBA project, which will benchmark the agricultural policies of over 60 countries in 2017.

The EBA's top-down approach dictates the so-called "good practices" to regulate agriculture and scores countries on how well they apply and implement its prescriptions. Based on the EBA scores, the World Bank leverages policy changes in agriculture. This is a dangerously misguided effort, as national policymaking should prioritize locally adapted solutions based on the experiences and demands of farmers, pastoralists, fisherfolks, and rural communities.

Among several categories of indicators (Finance, Transport, Fertilizer, etc.), the EBA includes a sub-indicator which evaluates seed regulations.

In developing countries, farmers source **80 to 90 percent of their seeds within farmer-managed seed systems**. These systems are maintained by farmers' own work to recycle and save seeds from their crops, and by farmer-to-farmer gifts, exchanges, and trade. Farmer-managed seed systems provide a rich diversity of seed, including varieties that are affordable and adapted to local environmental conditions. They are vital to support agro-biodiversity, food security, and resilience against climate and economic shocks.

Yet the EBA's narrow set of "good practices" to regulate seeds systems restricts policymaking to facilitating private development and marketing of industrial seeds. The EBA uses misleading language by calling industrial seeds "quality seeds" and conveys the perception that farmers' seeds are unworthy of policy support. The project pushes governments to adopt intellectual property rights framework, which curtails farmers' rights to save, exchange, and sell seeds. It advocates for reforms to accelerate and minimize the costs of releasing industrial seeds; and places corporations at the center of every aspect of seed systems.

While the EBA reforms will not benefit the majority of farmers, they will increase the profits of a handful of private companies. Only six multinationals currently control over two-thirds of the industrial seed market, and pending agroindustry mergers stand to further consolidate this oligopoly.⁴ The concentration of the global seed market has a significant impact on seed prices⁵ as well as seed diversity. Replacing farmers' seeds with a few uniform industrial varieties contributes to the rapid erosion of global agro-biodiversity, which is crucial to address the climate crisis.

In order to protect farmers, food security, and our planet, we urge you to stop financing the EBA project. We call on you to rather fight poverty and food insecurity by promoting vibrant local seed systems, and supporting true participation of farmers in the design of regulations and policies in the agricultural sector.

We appreciate you addressing this critical issue and look forward to hearing from you at your earliest convenience.

Sincerely,

1.	Abibiman Foundation	Ghana
2.	Acción Ecológica	Ecuador
3.	Action Ceinture Verte pour l'environnement (ACVE)	Burundi
4.	Action for Solidarity Environment Equality and Diversity (ASEED)	Netherlands
5.	African Center for Biodiversity	South Africa
6.	Agrarian Trust	USA
7.	Alianza Hondureña frente al Cambio Climático (AHCC)	Honduras
8.	Alliance for Sustainable and Holistic Agriculture (ASHA)	India
9.	Amis de l'Afrique Francophone (AMAF - Benin)	Benin
10.	Anywaa Survival Organisation	UK/Ethiopia
11.	Asia Pacific Forum on Women Law and Development (APWLD)	Asia
12.	Asociación Nacional de Fomento a la Agricultura Ecológica (ANAFAE)	Honduras
13.	Asociacion Red de Coordinación en Biodiversidad	Costa Rica
14.	Association des Jeunes Agriculteurs de Casamance (AJAC LUKAAL)	Senegal
15.	Association des Organisations Professionnelles Paysannes de Kayes (AOPP)	Mali
16.	Association for Plant Breeding for the Benefit of Society (APBREBES)	International
17.	Association pour la Défense des Droits de l'Eau et de l'Assainissement (ADDEA)	Senegal
18.	Association Recherche Action pour la Nature (ARAN)	Togo
19.	Banana Link	UK
20.	Bangladesh Fish Workers Alliance	Bangladesh
21.	Biofuelwatch	USA/UK
22.	Bioscience Resource Project	USA
23.	Biowatch South Africa	South Africa
24.	Both ENDS	Netherlands
25.	Bread for All	Switzerland
26.	Bretton Woods Project	UK
27.	Broadley Garden Centre	UK
28.	Broederlijk Delen	Belgium
29.	Cadre de Concertation des Producteurs d'Arachide (CCPA)	Senegal
30.	CARITAS Kaolack	Senegal
31.	CCFD-Terre Solidaire	France
32.	Center for Sustainable Development (CENESTA)	Iran
33.	Centre de Recherche sur l'Environnement, la Démocratie et les Droits de l'Homme	DRC
34.	Centro de Iniciativas en Políticas Ambientales	Nicaragua
35.	Centro de los Derechos del Campesino	Nicaragua
36.	CEPA-SL	Sierra Leone
	Cercle pour la Défense de l'Environnement (CEDEN)	RDC
	Citizen Consumer and Civic Action Group (CAG)	India
39.	CNCD-11.11.11	Belgium

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	Coalición Nacional de Redes y Organizaciones Ambientales (CONROA)	Honduras
	Coalition pour la Protection du Patrimoine Génétique Africain (COPAGEN)	Senegal
	Collectif Citoyen pour l'Agro-Ecologie (CCAE)	Burkina Faso
	Community Alliance for Global Justice/AGRA Watch	USA
	Construisons Ensemble le Monde (CEM)	DRC
	Coordinador Civil de Masaya	Nicaragua
	Coordinadora Civil	Nicaragua
	Earthlife Africa	South Africa
48.	EarthLore Foundation	South Africa
49.	Eastern Africa Smallholder Farmers Association (EASFA)	East Africa
50.	EcoNexus	UK
	Education For Better Living Organization (EBLI)	Tanzania
52.	Enda Pronat	Senegal
53.	Environmental Justice Initiative for Haiti	USA
54.	ETC Group	Canada
55.	Fahamu Africa	Senegal
56.	Farmworker Association of Florida	USA
57.	Fastenopfer (Swiss Catholic Lenten Fund)	Switzerland
58.	Fondama	Haiti
59.	Food Sovereignty Ghana	Ghana
60.	Foro Ambiental Santiagueño	Argentina
61.	Foundation Karibu	Tanzania
62.	Friends of the Siberian Forests	Russia
63.	Gaia Foundation	UK
64.	Gender Action	International
65.	Global Justice	UK
66.	GMB	UK
67.	GRAIN	International
68.	Greenhorns	USA
69.	Groundswell International	International
70.	HATOF Foundation	Ghana
71.	ICCA Consortium	International
72.	Indigenous Peoples Forum	India
73.	Indigenous Perspectives	India
74.	Initiatives d'Echanges pour un Développement Durable (IEDD)	Burkina Faso
75.	CICODEV Afrique	Senegal
76.	Institute for Agriculture and Trade Policy (IATP)	USA
77.	International Accountability Project	International
78.	Inyanda Land Rights Movement	South Africa
79.	Iowa CCI	USA
80.	JINUKUN	Benin
81.	JM&Co	UK
82.	Kalpavriksh	India
83.	Kasisi Agricultural Training Centre	Zambia
84.	La Route du Sel et de l'Espoir	France
	Labour, Health and Human Rights Development Centre (LHAHRDEV)	Nigeria
	Land Workers' Allliance	UK
87.	Local Futures	International

88	Mangrove Action Project	International
	Maryknoll Office for Global Concerns	USA
	Movement Rights	USA
	Namati	USA
	National Family Farm Coalition	USA
	Nesara Farmers' Market	India
	Network for Vital Agriculture and Nutrition	Netherlands
	Nicaragua Center for Community Action (NICCA)	USA
		UK
	Nothing But Tea NOUS SOMMES LA SOLUTION	West Africa
	Nyambya Tea Co Oakland Institute	Uganda USA
	Open Food Network	International
_	OT Watch	Mongolia
_	Other Worlds	USA
	Pacific Network on Globalisation (PANG)	Fiji
	Partners for the Land & Agricultural Needs of Traditional Peoples (PLANT)	USA
	People's Dialogue	Swaziland
	Platform Aarde Boer Consument	Netherlands
	Popular Resistance	USA
	Prosalus	Spain
	Puvidham Rural Development Trust	India
	Quinoa	Belgium
	Rashtriya Raithu Seva Samithi	India
	Red de Organizaciones Sociales de Managua	Nicaragua
	Red por una América Latina Libre de Transgénicos (RALLT)	Latin America
114.	Réseau de Lutte contre la Faim (RELUFA)	Cameroon
	Ritongo Africa	Kenya
	Rivers without Boundaries	Mongolia
117.	Rythu Swarajya Vedika	India
118.	SAUTI YA WANAWAKE	Tanzania
119.	Seed Savers Network	Kenya
120.	Sierra Leone Network on the Right to Food (SiLNoRF)	Sierra Leone
121.	Social Justice Connection	Canada
122.	Society for International Development (SID)	International
123.	SOS Faim	Belgique
124.	Southern African Rural Women's Assembly	South Africa
125.	SWISSAID	Switzerland
126.	Tamilnadu Organic Farmers Federation	India
127.	Teacraft	UK
128.	Thanal	India
129.	The Corner House	UK
130.	The Land magazine	UK
131.	The Rules	International
132.	Third World Network	International
133.	Timberwatch Coalition	South Africa
134.	Traidcraft	UK
135.	Tropical Agriculture Association	UK

136.	Trust for Community Outreach and Education (TCOE)	South Africa
137.	Union Paysanne	Canada
138.	United Nations Association, UK Branch (UNA-UK)	UK
139.	United Small and Medium scale Farmers' Associations of Nigeria (USMEFAN)	Nigeria
140.	Urgewald	Germany
141.	Walking on the South (WotS)	Italy
142.	Women's International League for Peace and Freedom (WILPF)	Netherlands
143.	World Family	UK
144.	Zambia Alliance for Agroecology and Biodiversity Conservation (ZAABC)	Zambia
145.	Zestful Development Services (ZDES)	Benin

- 146. Dr. Norman Uphoff Professor Emeritus of Government and International Agriculture and Core Faculty Member, Cornell Institute for Public Affair, Cornell University, USA
- 147. Dr. Michel Pimbert Professor and Executive Director of the Centre for Agroecology, Water and Resilience, Coventry University, UK
- 148. Dr. David J. Midmore Emeritus Professor, Central Queensland University, Australia
- 149. Dr. Peter Dart Honorary Associate Professor, School of Agriculture and Food Science, University of Queensland, Australia
- 150. Dr. Amir Kassam OBE, FRSB, Visiting Professor, School of Agriculture, Policy and Development, University of Reading, UK
- 151. Dr. Peter Greaves Former Senior Adviser at UNICEF's Programme Division (micronutrients) and Former Secretary of the British Nutrition Foundation, UK
- 152. Dr. Michael Spann School of Political Science and International Studies, University of Queensland, Australia
- 153. Dr. Molly D. Anderson William R. Kenan Jr. Professor of Food Studies, Middlebury College, USA
- 154. Dr. Tushar Chakraborty Head, Gene Regulation Laboratory, Indian Institute of Chemical Biology, India
- 155. Dr. Willem A. Stoop Agronomist, Former Researcher at CIMMYT, ICRISAT, ISNAR and WARDA and Royal Tropical Institute in Amsterdam, The Netherlands
- 156. Dr. Anne Woodfine Tropical Natural Resources and Sustainable Land Management Specialist
- 157. Devon Jenkins Program Specialist, International Programs, College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, Cornell University, USA

Sent via email:

Bill Gates, Co-Chair of the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation
Gayle Smith, Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development
Kristian Jensen, Minister for Foreign Affairs, Denmark
Priti Patel, Secretary of State for International Development, United Kingdom
Lilianne Ploumen, Minister for Foreign Trade and Development Cooperation, The Netherlands

<u>Cc</u>.

Jim Yong Kim, President of the World Bank Group
Federica Saliola, Program Manager in the WBG Development Economics Vice-Presidency

¹ The White House. "Fact Sheet: G-8 action on Food Security and Nutrition." *Office of the Press Secretary,* May 18, 2012. https://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/2012/05/18/fact-sheet-g-8-action-food-security-and-nutrition

² World Bank staff recently indicated that both Vietnam and Rwanda had used the EBA to design new seed ordinances. Multiple EBA project and donor documents clearly state a goal to influence policymaking around the world, especially in developing countries. See: USAID, Feed the Future. "Your Questions Answered about Enabling the Business of Agriculture!" *Agrilinks*. https://agrilinks.org/blog/your-questions-answered-about-enabling-business-agriculture; DFID, Development Tracker. "Support to the World Bank Project 'Benchmarking the Business of Agriculture.' (documents)." *Developing Countries, Unspecified*. https://devtracker.dfid.gov.uk/projects/GB-1-204123/documents.

³ Research has shown that widely used arguments to discredit farmers' seeds as potentially unsafe and prone to diseases are unfounded. Studies find no significant differences between quality of farmer seeds and industrial seeds (in terms of health, absence of contaminants, etc.), and no evidence exists that seed recycling (saving the seeds for sowing at the next crop season) lowers quality. See: Coomes, Oliver T. et al. "Farmer seed networks make a limited contribution to agriculture? Four common misconceptions." *Food Policy* 56 (2015): 41-50.

⁴ ETC Group. "The Monsanto-Bayer tie-up is just one of seven; Mega-Mergers and Big Data Domination Threaten Seeds, Food Security." September 15, 2016. http://www.etcgroup.org/content/monsanto-bayer-tie-just-one-seven-mega-mergers-and-big-data-domination-threaten-seeds-food

⁵ Fuglie, K., Heisey, P., King, J., and D. Schimmelpfennig. *Rising Concentration in Agricultural Input Industries Influences New Farm Technologies*. USDA Economic Research Service, December 2012. <a href="http://www.ers.usda.gov/amber-waves/2012-december/rising-concentration-in-agricultural-input-industries-influences-new-technologies.aspx#.V9B97z4r]cw